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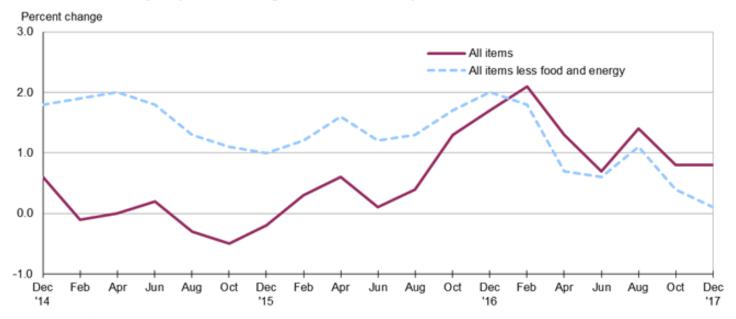
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Consumer Price Index, Philadelphia-Wilmington-Atlantic City – December 2017 Area prices down 0.1 percent since October; up 0.8 percent over the year

The Consumer Price Index for All Urban Consumers (CPI-U) for Philadelphia-Wilmington-Atlantic City inched down 0.1 percent from October to December, the U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics reported today. Regional Commissioner Sheila Watkins noted that lower prices for all items less food and energy (-0.5 percent) were nearly offset by higher prices for energy (3.5 percent) and food (0.2 percent) since October. (Data in this report are not seasonally adjusted. Accordingly, month-to-month changes may reflect the impact of seasonal influences.)

Over the last 12 months, the CPI-U increased 0.8 percent. (See chart 1 and table A.) The over-the-year rise was led by increases in the energy index (7.2 percent) and the food index (1.8 percent). Prices for all items less food and energy also rose since December 2016, up 0.1 percent. (See table 1.)

Chart 1. Over-the-year percent change in CPI-U, Philadelphia, December 2014-December 2017



Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics.

Food

Following a 0.3-percent rise from August to October, the food index edged up 0.2 percent over the last two months. Prices were higher for food away from home, up 0.4 percent since October. Food at home prices were unchanged over the last two months.

Over the year, the food index increased 1.8 percent. Prices for food away from home rose 2.5 percent, and those for food at home increased 1.3 percent.

Energy

The energy index, which includes prices for household and transportation fuels, increased 3.5 percent since October. This was reflected by higher prices for electricity and utility (piped) gas service, up 3.5 and 7.1 percent, respectively, over the last two months. Prices were also higher for gasoline, up 1.8 percent since October.

Over the year, the energy index rose 7.2 percent, led by an 11.4-percent advance in gasoline prices. Prices were also higher for utility (piped) gas service (9.4 percent), while those for electricity declined 0.4 percent over the year.

All items less food and energy

The index for all items less food and energy decreased 0.5 percent from October to December, led by lower prices for apparel (-10.8 percent). Higher prices for new and used motor vehicles, along with those for medical care (0.8 percent), moderated the decrease in the all items less food and energy index since October.

Since December 2016, the index for all items less food and energy inched up 0.1 percent. This was largely due to higher prices for shelter (1.2 percent). Lower prices for education and communication (-3.4 percent) and apparel (-8.2 percent), among others, moderated the 12-month increase in the all items less food and energy index.

Table A. Philadelphia CPI-U 2-month and 12-month percent changes, all items index, not seasonally adjusted

Month	2013		2014		2015		2016		2017	
	2-month	12- month								
February	0.7	1.8	0.5	1.0	-0.2	-0.1	0.3	0.3	0.7	2.1
April	0.1	1.1	0.5	1.4	0.5	0.0	0.9	0.6	0.0	1.3
June	0.3	1.5	0.6	1.8	0.8	0.2	0.3	0.1	-0.3	0.7
August	0.5	1.1	0.0	1.3	-0.5	-0.3	-0.2	0.3	0.5	1.4
October	-0.4	0.3	-0.1	1.6	-0.3	-0.5	0.6	1.3	0.0	0.8
December	0.1	1.2	-0.8	0.6	-0.6	-0.2	-0.1	1.7	-0.1	0.8

The Consumer Price Index for February 2018 is scheduled to be released Tuesday, March 13, 2018 at 8:30 am (ET).

Consumer Price Index Geographic Revision for 2018

In January 2018, BLS will introduce a new geographic area sample for the Consumer Price Index (CPI). As part of the new sample, the index for this area will be renamed. The first indexes using the new structure will be published in February 2018. Additional information on the geographic revision is available at: www.bls.gov/cpi/additional-resources/geographic-revision-2018.htm.

Technical Note

The Consumer Price Index for Philadelphia-Wilmington-Atlantic City is published bi-monthly. The Consumer Price Index (CPI) is a measure of the average change in prices over time in a fixed market basket of goods and services. The Bureau of Labor Statistics publishes CPIs for two population groups: (1) a CPI for All Urban Consumers (CPI-U) which covers approximately 89 percent of the total population and (2) a CPI for Urban Wage Earners and Clerical Workers (CPI-W) which covers approximately 28 percent of the total population. The CPI-U includes, in addition to wage earners and clerical workers, groups such as professional, managerial, and technical workers, the self-employed, short-term workers, the unemployed, and retirees and others not in the labor force.

The CPI is based on prices of food, clothing, shelter, and fuels, transportation fares, charges for doctors' and dentists' services, drugs, and the other goods and services that people buy for day-to-day living. Each month, prices are collected in 87 urban areas across the country from about 4,000 housing units and approximately 26,000 retail establishments--department stores, supermarkets, hospitals, filling stations, and other types of stores and service establishments. All taxes directly associated with the purchase and use of items are included in the index.

The index measures price changes from a designated reference date (1982-84) that equals 100.0. An increase of 16.5 percent, for example, is shown as 116.5. This change can also be expressed in dollars as follows: the price of a base period "market basket" of goods and services in the CPI has risen from \$10 in 1982-84 to \$11.65. For further details see the CPI home page on the Internet at www.bls.gov/cpi and the BLS Handbook of Methods, Chapter 17, The Consumer Price Index, available on the Internet at www.bls.gov/opub/hom/pdf/homch17.pdf.

In calculating the index, price changes for the various items in each location are averaged together with weights that represent their importance in the spending of the appropriate population group. Local data are then combined to obtain a U.S. city average. Because the sample size of a local area is smaller, the local area index is subject to substantially more sampling and other measurement error than the national index. In addition, local indexes are not adjusted for seasonal influences. As a result, local area indexes show greater volatility than the national index, although their long-term trends are quite similar. **Note: Area indexes do not measure differences in the level of prices between cities; they only measure the average change in prices for each area since the base period.**

The Philadelphia-Wilmington-Atlantic City, Pa.-N.J.-Del.-Md., Consolidated Metropolitan Statistical Area includes Bucks, Chester, Delaware, Montgomery, and Philadelphia Counties in Pennsylvania; Atlantic, Burlington, Camden, Cape May, Cumberland, Gloucester, and Salem Counties in New Jersey; New Castle County in Delaware; and Cecil County in Maryland.

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Table 1. Consumer Price Index for All Urban Consumers (CPI-U): Indexes and percent changes for selected periods, Philadelphia-Wilmington-Atlantic City, Pa.-N.J.-Del.-Md., (1982-84=100 unless otherwise noted) (not seasonally adjusted)

		Index	es		Percent change from			
Expenditure category	Historical data	Oct. 2017	Nov. 2017	Dec. 2017	Dec. 2016	Oct. 2017	Nov. 2017	
All items	W	248.956		248.617	0.8	-0.1		
All items (1967 = 100)	W	719.219		718.240				
Food and beverages	N	233.750		233.891	1.5	0.1		
Food	W	233.726		234.078	1.8	0.2		
Food at home	W	239.047	236.981	239.043	1.3	0.0	0.9	
Food away from home	Mr	220.996		221.804	2.5	0.4		
Alcoholic beverages	W	231.057		228.725	-1.1	-1.0		
Housing	W	256.047		256.561	1.2	0.2		
Shelter	MY	320.165	319.125	319.756	1.2	-0.1	0.2	
Rent of primary residence(1)	W	297.471	297.606	298.183	2.0	0.2	0.2	
Owners' equivalent rent of residences(1) (2)(3)	MY	327.373	327.416	327.825	1.2	0.1	0.1	
Owners' equivalent rent of primary residence(1)(2)(3)	₩.	327.373	327.416	327.825	1.2	0.1	0.1	
Fuels and utilities	MY	199.831		206.856	3.9	3.5		
Household energy	W	164.005	168.224	171.926	4.2	4.8	2.2	
Gas (piped) and electricity(1)	W	173.116	177.480	181.176	2.6	4.7	2.1	
Electricity(1)	W	178.165	181.383	184.437	-0.4	3.5	1.7	
Utility (piped) gas service(1)	W	153.881	160.118	164.791	9.4	7.1	2.9	
Household furnishings and operations	Mr	111.034		109.325	-3.3	-1.5		
Apparel	W	113.454		101.223	-8.2	-10.8		
Transportation	W	208.203		208.271	2.5	0.0		
Private transportation	Mr	206.859		207.831	2.5	0.5		
Motor fuel	W	232.260	242.448	236.495	11.5	1.8	-2.5	
Gasoline (all types)	W	228.974	239.019	233.093	11.4	1.8	-2.5	
Gasoline, unleaded regular(4)	W	225.732	235.975	229.884	11.5	1.8	-2.6	
Gasoline, unleaded midgrade(4)(5).	Mr	235.779	243.370	239.850	10.8	1.7	-1.4	
Gasoline, unleaded premium(4)	W	233.491	241.552	236.999	11.0	1.5	-1.9	
Medical care	N	510.080		514.200	2.7	0.8		
Recreation(6)	N	121.572		122.355	-0.4	0.6		
Education and communication(6)	W	130.172		130.003	-3.4	-0.1		
Other goods and services	W	534.786		538.332	2.3	0.7		
Commodity and service group								
Commodities	MY	177.048		176.379	1.2	-0.4		
Commodities less food and beverages	W	145.735		144.784	0.9	-0.7		
Nondurables less food and beverages	W	188.403		185.740	2.3	-1.4		
Durables	₩~ 	99.679		100.252	-1.2	0.6		
Services	M	321.932		321.884	0.6	0.0		
Special aggregate indexes								
All items less shelter	MA	225.651		225.333	0.6	-0.1		
All items less medical care	W	237.977		237.436	0.6	-0.2		
Commodities less food	W	148.777		147.782	0.8	-0.7		
Nondurables	MY	212.373		210.949	1.9	-0.7		
Nondurables less food	W	190.877		188.236	2.1	-1.4		

Note: See footnotes at end of table.

Table 1. Consumer Price Index for All Urban Consumers (CPI-U): Indexes and percent changes for selected periods, Philadelphia-Wilmington-Atlantic City, Pa.-N.J.-Del.-Md., (1982-84=100 unless otherwise noted) (not seasonally adjusted) - Continued

- "		Inde	xes	Percent change from			
Expenditure category	Historical data	Oct. 2017	Nov. 2017	Dec. 2017	Dec. 2016	Oct. 2017	Nov. 2017
Services less rent of shelter(2)	MY	330.776		331.296	0.1	0.2	
Services less medical care services	M	307.685		307.524	0.6	-0.1	
Energy	MY	188.497	194.830	195.141	7.2	3.5	0.2
All items less energy	MY	257.507		256.403	0.3	-0.4	
All items less food and energy	N	264.177		262.820	0.1	-0.5	

Footnotes

- (1) This index series was calculated using a Laspeyres estimator. All other item stratum index series were calculated using a geometric means estimator.
- (2) Indexes on a December 1982=100 base.
- (3) This index series underwent a change in composition in January 2010. The expenditure class now includes weight from secondary residences, and has been re-titled "Owners' equivalent rent of residences." The item stratum "Owners' equivalent rent of primary residence" excludes secondary residences.
- (4) Special index based on a substantially smaller sample.
- (5) Indexes on a December 1993=100 base.
- (6) Indexes on a December 1997=100 base.

Note: Index applies to a month as a whole, not to any specific date.